

2741 White Pine Dr. Villa Hills, KY 41017 859-287-4292 bl-planning.com

Form ADV Part 2A - Firm Brochure

Dated: February 14, 2025

This Brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Balanced Life Planning LLC. If you have any questions about the contents of this Brochure, please contact us at 859-287-4292. The information in this Brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or by any state securities authority.

Balanced Life Planning LLC is a registered investment adviser. Registration does not imply a certain level of skill or training.

Additional information about Balanced Life Planning LLC also is available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov, which can be found using the firm's identification number, 331877.

Item 2: Material Changes

Since becoming approved on November 4, 2024, there have been no reported changes. In the future, any material changes made during the year will be reported here.

From time to time, we may amend this Brochure to reflect changes in our business practices, changes in regulations, and routine annual updates as required by securities regulators. Either this complete Brochure or a Summary of Material Changes shall be provided to each Client annually and if a material change occurs in the business practices of Balanced Life Planning LLC.

Item 3: Table of Contents

Item 1: Cover Page	1
Item 2: Material Changes	2
Item 3: Table of Contents	3
Item 4: Advisory Business	4
Item 5: Fees and Compensation	8
Item 6: Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management	11
Item 7: Types of Clients	12
Item 8: Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies, and Risk of Loss	13
Item 9: Disciplinary Information	17
Item 10: Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations	18
Item 11: Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading	19
Item 12: Brokerage Practices	21
Item 13: Review of Accounts	24
Item 14: Client Referrals and Other Compensation	25
Item 15: Custody	26
Item 16: Investment Discretion	27
Item 17: Voting Client Securities	28
Item 18: Financial Information	29
Item 19: Requirements for State-Registered Advisers	30
Form ADV Part 2B – Brochure Supplement	31

Item 4: Advisory Business

Description of Advisory Firm

Balanced Life Planning LLC is an Investment Adviser principally located in the state of Kentucky. We are a limited liability company founded in April of 2024. Balanced Life Planning LLC became registered in 2024. Tim Witham is the principal owner and Chief Compliance Officer ("CCO").

As used in this brochure, the words "BLP", "we", "our firm", "Advisor" and "us" refer to Balanced Life Planning LLC and the words "you", "your" and "Client" refer to you as either a client or prospective client of our firm.

Types of Advisory Services

BLP is a fee-only firm, meaning the only compensation we receive is from our Clients for our services. From time to time, BLP recommends third-party professionals such as attorneys, accountants, tax advisors, insurance agents, or other financial professionals. Clients are never obligated to utilize any third-party professional we recommend. BLP is not affiliated with nor does BLP receive any compensation from third-party professionals we may recommend.

Investment Management Services

Our firm provides continuous advice to a Client regarding the investment of Client funds based on the individual needs of the Client. Through personal discussions in which goals and objectives based on a Client's particular circumstances are established, we develop a Client's personal investment policy or an investment plan with an asset allocation target and create and manage a portfolio based on that policy and allocation targets. We will also review and discuss a Client's prior investment history, as well as family composition and background. Account supervision is guided by the stated objectives of the Client (e.g., maximum capital appreciation, growth, income, or growth, and income), as well as risk tolerance and tax considerations.

We primarily advise our Clients regarding investments in stocks, bonds, options, mutual funds, ETFs, U.S. government and municipal securities, and cash and cash equivalents. We may also provide advice regarding investments held in Client's portfolio at the inception of our advisory relationship and/or other investment types not listed above, at the Client's request.

When we provide investment management services, Clients grant us limited authority to buy and sell securities on a discretionary basis. More information on our trading authority is explained in Item 16 of this Brochure. Clients may impose reasonable restrictions in writing on investing in certain securities, types of securities, or industry sectors.

When appropriate, we utilize the services of third-party investment advisers ("Outside Managers") to assist with the management of Client accounts. We assist Clients in completing the Outside Managers' investor profile questionnaire, selecting an appropriate asset allocation model, interacting with the Outside Managers and conducting an ongoing review of the Outside Managers' investment offerings and investment selection. Our review process and analysis of Outside Managers is further discussed in Item 8 of this Brochure. Additionally, we will meet with the Client on a periodic basis to discuss changes in their personal or financial situation, suitability, and any new or revised restrictions to be applied to the account.

Financial Planning Services

Financial planning involves an evaluation of a Client's current and future financial state by using currently known variables to predict future cash flows, asset values, and withdrawal plans. The key defining aspect of financial planning is that through the financial planning process, all questions, information, and analysis will be considered as they affect and are affected by the entire financial and life situation of the Client. Clients purchasing this service will receive a written report, providing the Client with a detailed financial plan designed to help achieve the Client's stated financial goals and objectives.

In general, the financial plan will address some or all of the following areas of concern. The Client and BLP will work together to select specific areas to cover. These areas may include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Business Planning: We provide consulting services for Clients who currently operate their own business, are considering starting a business, or are planning for an exit from their current business. Under this type of engagement, we work with you to assess your current situation, identify your objectives, and develop a plan aimed at achieving your goals.
- Cash Flow and Debt Management: We will conduct a review of your income and expenses to determine your current surplus or deficit along with advice on prioritizing how any surplus should be used or how to reduce expenses if they exceed your income. Advice may also be provided on which debts to pay off first based on factors such as the interest rate of the debt and any income tax ramifications. We may also recommend what we believe to be an appropriate cash reserve that should be considered for emergencies and other financial goals, along with a review of accounts (such as money market funds) for such reserves, plus strategies to save desired amounts.
- College Savings: Includes projecting the amount that will be needed to achieve college or other postsecondary education funding goals, along with advice on ways for you to save the desired amount. Recommendations as to savings strategies are included, and, if needed, we will review your financial picture as it relates to eligibility for financial aid or the best way to contribute to children and grandchildren (if appropriate).
- **Employee Benefits Optimization**: We will provide review and analysis as to whether you, as an employee, are taking the maximum advantage possible of your employee benefits. If you are a business owner, we will consider and/or recommend the various benefit programs that can be structured to meet both business and personal retirement goals.
- **Estate Planning**: This usually includes an analysis of your exposure to estate taxes and your current estate plan, which may include whether you have a will, powers of attorney, trusts, and other related documents. Our advice also typically includes ways for you to minimize or avoid future estate taxes by implementing appropriate estate planning strategies such as the use of applicable trusts. We always recommend that you consult with a qualified attorney when you initiate, update, or complete estate planning activities. We may provide you with contact information for attorneys who specialize in estate planning when you wish to hire an attorney for such purposes. From time-to-time, we will participate in meetings or phone calls between you and your attorney with your approval or request.

- **Financial Goals**: We will help Clients identify financial goals and develop a plan to reach them. We will identify what you plan to accomplish, what resources you will need to make it happen, how much time you will need to reach the goal, and how much you should budget for your goal.
- **Insurance**: Review of existing policies to ensure proper coverage for life, health, disability, long-term care, liability, home, and automobile.
- **Investment Analysis**: This may involve developing an asset allocation strategy to meet Clients' financial goals and risk tolerance, providing information on investment vehicles and strategies, reviewing employee stock options, as well as assisting you in establishing your own investment account at a selected broker/dealer or custodian. The strategies and types of investments we may recommend are further discussed in Item 8 of this brochure.
- **Retirement Planning**: Our retirement planning services typically include projections of your likelihood of achieving your financial goals, typically focusing on financial independence as the primary objective. For situations where projections show less than the desired results, we may make recommendations, including those that may impact the original projections by adjusting certain variables (e.g., working longer, saving more, spending less, taking more risk with investments).

If you are near retirement or already retired, advice may be given on appropriate distribution strategies to minimize the likelihood of running out of money or having to adversely alter spending during your retirement years.

- Risk Management: A risk management review includes an analysis of your exposure to major risks
 that could have a significant adverse impact on your financial picture, such as premature death,
 disability, property and casualty losses, or the need for long-term care planning. Advice may be
 provided on ways to minimize such risks and about weighing the costs of purchasing insurance versus
 the benefits of doing so and, likewise, the potential cost of not purchasing insurance ("self-insuring").
- Tax Planning Strategies: Advice may include ways to minimize current and future income taxes as a
 part of your overall financial planning picture. For example, we may make recommendations on which
 type of account(s) or specific investments should be owned based in part on their "tax efficiency," with
 the consideration that there is always a possibility of future changes to federal, state or local tax laws
 and rates that may impact your situation.

We recommend that you consult with a qualified tax professional before initiating any tax planning strategy, and we may provide you with contact information for accountants or attorneys who specialize in this area if you wish to hire someone for such purposes. We will participate in meetings or phone calls between you and your tax professional with your approval.

Financial Planning Services are offered on a Project-Based and/or via an Ongoing engagement.

Ongoing Financial Planning. This service involves working one-on-one with a financial planner ("planner") over an extended period of time. Through this ongoing arrangement, Clients are expected to collaborate with the planner to develop and assist in the implementation of their financial plan (the "plan"). The planner will monitor the plan, recommend any appropriate changes and ensure the plan is up-to-date as the Client's situation, goals, and objectives evolve.

Upon engaging the firm for financial planning, BLP is responsible for obtaining and analyzing all necessary qualitative and quantitative information from the Client that is essential to understanding the Client's personal and financial circumstances; helping the Client identify, select, and prioritize certain financial goals while understanding the effect that pursuing one goal may have on other potential goals; assessing the Client's current course of action and alternative courses of action to identify required changes that provide the best opportunity for the client to meet their financial goals; developing & presenting financial planning recommendations based on the aforementioned actions while including all information that was required to be considered in preparing the recommendations; and ongoing monitoring of the Client's progress toward the goals and objectives that the recommendations are based around. These components all require in-depth communication with the Client in order for the planner to establish a financial plan and implementation strategy that provides the Client with the most appropriate options in pursuing their established goals and objectives.

Project-Based Financial Planning. We provide project-based financial planning services on a limited scope one-time engagement. Project-Based Financial Planning is available for Clients looking to address specific questions or issues. The Client may choose from one or more of the above topics to cover or other areas as requested and agreed to by BLP. For Project-Based Financial Planning, the Client will be ultimately responsible for the implementation of the financial plan.

<u>Client Tailored Services and Client Imposed Restrictions</u>

We tailor the delivery of our services to meet the individual needs of our Clients. We consult with Clients initially and on an ongoing basis, through the duration of their engagement with us, to determine risk tolerance, time horizon and other factors that may impact the Clients' investment and/or planning needs.

Clients are able to specify, within reason, any restrictions they would like to place as it pertains to individual securities and/or sectors that will be traded in their account. All such requests must be provided to BLP in writing. BLP will notify Clients if they are unable to accommodate any requests.

Wrap Fee Programs

We do not participate in wrap fee programs.

Assets Under Management

As of December 31,2024, BLP has \$8,861,187 in discretionary and \$0 in non-discretionary assets under management.

Item 5: Fees and Compensation

Please note, unless a Client has received this brochure at least 48 hours prior to signing an Advisory Contract, the Advisory Contract may be terminated by the Client within five (5) business days of signing the Advisory Contract without penalty or incurring any fees.

How we are paid depends on the type of advisory services we perform. Below is a brief description of our fees, however, you should review your executed Advisory Contract for more detailed information regarding the exact fees you will be paying. No increase to the agreed-upon advisory fees outlined in the Advisory Contract shall occur without prior written Client consent.

Investment Management Services

The fee is based on a percentage of assets under management and is negotiable. The annualized fees for investment management services are based on the following fee schedule:

Assets Under Management	Annual Advisory Fee
\$0 - \$1,000,000	1.00%
\$1,000,001 - \$2,000,000	0.90%
\$2,000,001 - \$5,000,000	0.80%
\$5,000,001 - \$10,000,000	0.60%
\$10,000,001 and Above	0.40%

The annual advisory fee is paid quarterly in arrears based on the average daily balance of the Client's account(s) during the previous quarter. The advisory fee is a blended tier. For example, for assets under management of \$2,000,000, a Client would pay 1.00% on the first \$1,000,000 and 0.90% on the remaining balance. The quarterly fee is determined by the following calculation: (($$1,000,000 \times 0.90\%$)) ÷ 4 = \$4750.

In determining the advisory fee, we allow accounts of members of the same household to be aggregated. BLP relies on the valuation as provided by Client's custodian in determining assets under management. Our advisory fee is prorated by the number of days the account is under our management for any partial billing periods occurring during the engagement, including the initial and terminating billing periods.

If BLP utilizes an Outside Manager, the above fee schedule does not include the Outside Manager's fee. The Outside Manager's advisory fees, billing schedule, and payment procedures are set forth in their separate written disclosure documents, advisory agreements, and/or the account opening documents of your account Custodian. At no point will the combined fee charged to the Client exceed 2% of assets under management.

Ongoing Financial Planning

We charge a recurring fixed fee for Ongoing Financial Planning. Fees are paid monthly in advance, ranging from \$150 to \$500. The fee range is dependent upon variables including the specific needs of the Client, complexity, estimated time, research, and resources required to provide services to you, among other factors

we deem relevant. Fees are negotiable and the final agreed upon fee will be outlined in your Advisory Contract.

Project-Based Financial Planning

We charge an hourly fee for Project-Based Financial Planning. Our hourly rate is \$250. Fees are negotiable and the final agreed upon fee will be outlined in your Advisory Contract. BLP collects a portion of the fee to be collected in advance with the remainder due upon completion of the services. BLP will not bill an amount above \$500 more than 6 months or more in advance of rendering the services.

Fee Payment

For Investment Management services, we deduct our advisory fee from one or more account(s) held at an unaffiliated third-party custodian, as directed by the Client. Please refer to Item 15 of this Brochure regarding our policy on direct fee deduction. Clients may also pay by electronic funds transfer (EFT). We use AdvicePay, an independent third party payment processor, in which the Client can securely input their payment information to pay their fee. We do not have access to the Client's banking or credit information at any time. The Client will be provided with their own secure portal in order to make payments.

When an Outside Manager is used, the Outside Manager will debit the Client's account for both the Outside Manager's fee, and BLP's advisory fee.

For Financial Planning services, fees are paid by electronic funds transfer (EFT) or check. We use AdvicePay, an independent third party payment processor, in which the Client can securely input their banking information and pay their fee. We do not have access to the Client's banking information at any time. The Client will be provided with their own secure portal in order to make payments.

Other Types of Fees and Expenses

Our fees are exclusive of brokerage commissions, transaction fees, and other related costs and expenses which may be incurred by the Client. Clients may incur certain charges imposed by custodians, brokers, and other third parties such as custodial fees, deferred sales charges, odd-lot differentials, transfer taxes, wire transfer, and electronic fund fees, and other fees and taxes on brokerage accounts and securities transactions. Mutual fund and exchange-traded funds also charge internal management fees, which are disclosed in a fund's prospectus. Such charges, fees, and commissions are exclusive of and in addition to our fee, and we shall not receive any portion of these commissions, fees, and costs.

Item 12 further describes the factors that we consider in selecting or recommending custodians for Client's transactions and determining the reasonableness of their compensation (e.g., commissions).

Clients may incur fees from third-party professionals such as accountants and attorneys that BLP may recommend, upon Client request. Such fees are separate and distinct from BLP's advisory fees.

Terminations and Refunds

For Investment Management service, the Advisory Contract may be terminated with written notice at least 30 calendar days in advance. Since fees are paid in arrears, no refund will be needed upon termination of the Advisory Contract. Clients will be responsible for fees based on the number of days the account is under our management up to the date of termination.

For Ongoing Financial Planning services, the Advisory Contract may be terminated with written notice at least 30 calendar days in advance. Upon termination, the Client will receive a prorated refund based on the number of days services were provided up to the date of termination.

For Project-Based Financial Planning services, this service is not an ongoing engagement, thus upon receipt of the final fees, the Advisory Contract will automatically be terminated. Clients may terminate at any time provided written notice. In the event of termination, Clients will be responsible for fees for the number of hours worked, based on the hourly rate, up to to the date of termination. In the event the fee due is less than the amount paid in advance, Clients will receive a refund of the unearned fee. In the event the fee due exceeds the paid in advance fee, Clients will be billed for the remainder of the earned fee.

Sale of Securities or Other Investment Products

Advisor and its supervised persons do not accept compensation for the sale of securities or other investment products including asset-based sales charges or service fees from the sale of mutual funds.

Item 6: Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management

We do not offer performance-based fees and do not engage in side-by-side management.

Item 7: Types of Clients

We provide financial planning and investment management services to individuals and high net-worth individuals.

We do not have a minimum account size requirement to open or maintain an account.

Item 8: Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies, and Risk of Loss

Below is a brief description of our methods of analysis and primary investment strategies.

Methods of Analysis

Cyclical analysis is a type of technical analysis that involves evaluating recurring price patterns and trends based upon business cycles. Economic/business cycles may not be predictable and may have many fluctuations between long-term expansions and contractions. The lengths of economic cycles may be difficult to predict with accuracy and therefore the risk of cyclical analysis is the difficulty in predicting economic trends and consequently the changing value of securities that would be affected by these changing trends.

Modern Portfolio Theory (MPT)

The underlying principles of MPT are:

- Investors are risk averse. The only acceptable risk is that which is adequately compensated by an expected return. Risk and investment return are related and an increase in risk requires an increased expected return.
- Markets are efficient. The same market information is available to all investors at the same time. The market prices every security fairly based upon this equal availability of information.
- The design of the portfolio as a whole is more important than the selection of any particular security. The appropriate allocation of capital among asset classes will have far more influence on long-term portfolio performance than the selection of individual securities.
- Investing for the long-term (preferably longer than ten years) becomes critical to investment success because it allows the long-term characteristics of the asset classes to surface.
- Increasing diversification of the portfolio with lower correlated asset class positions can decrease portfolio risk. Correlation is the statistical term for the extent to which two asset classes move in tandem or opposition to one another.

Use of Outside Managers: We may refer Clients to Third Party Investment Advisers or advisory programs ("Outside Managers"). Our analysis of Outside Managers involves the examination of the experience, expertise, investment philosophies, and past performance of the Outside Managers in an attempt to determine if that Outside Manager has demonstrated an ability to invest over a period of time and in different economic conditions. We monitor the Outside Manager's underlying holdings, strategies, concentrations, and leverage as part of our overall periodic risk assessment. Additionally, as part of our due diligence process, we survey the Outside Manager's compliance and business enterprise risks. A risk of investing with an Outside Manager who has been successful in the past is that they may not be able to replicate that success in the future. In addition, we do not control the underlying investments in an Outside Manager's portfolio. There is also a risk that an Outside Manager may deviate from the stated investment mandate or strategy of the portfolio, making it a less suitable investment for our Clients. Moreover, as we do not control the Outside Manager's daily business and compliance operations, we may be unaware of the lack of internal controls necessary to prevent business, regulatory or reputational deficiencies.

Investment Strategies

Asset Allocation

In implementing our Clients' investment strategy, we begin by attempting to identify an appropriate ratio of equities, fixed income, and cash (i.e. "asset allocation") suitable to the Client's investment goals and risk tolerance.

A risk of asset allocation is that the Client may not participate in sharp increases in a particular security, industry or market sector. Another risk is that the ratio of equities, fixed income, and cash will change over time due to stock and market movements and, if not corrected, will no longer be appropriate for the Client's goals. We attempt to closely monitor our asset allocation models and make changes periodically to keep in line with the target risk tolerance model.

Passive and Active Investment Management

We may choose investment vehicles that are considered passive, active, or a combination of both styles.

Passive investing involves building portfolios that are composed of various distinct asset classes. The asset classes are weighted in a manner to achieve a desired relationship between correlation, risk and return. Funds that passively capture the returns of the desired asset classes are placed in the portfolio.

Active investing involves a single manager or managers who employ some method, strategy or technique to construct a portfolio that is intended to generate returns that are greater than the broader market or a designated benchmark. Actively managed funds are also designed to reduce volatility and risk.

We may engage in both passive and active investing in Client's portfolio. However, we strive to construct portfolios of funds and individual securities that we believe will have the greatest probability for achieving our Clients' personal financial goals with the least amount of volatility and risk rather than attempt to outperform an arbitrary index or benchmark.

Specific investment selections are based on a number of factors that we evaluate in order to select, what we believe to be, the highest quality funds or individual securities for our Clients. These factors include but are not limited to underlying holdings of funds, percentage weighting of holdings within funds, liquidity, tax efficiency, bid/ask spreads, and other smart/strategic beta factors. These factors may or may not result in the lowest cost ETFs and mutual funds available when utilizing funds in a Client's portfolio, but we strive to keep internal fund expenses as low as possible.

Material Risks Involved

All investing strategies we offer involve risk and may result in a loss of your original investment which you should be prepared to bear. Many of these risks apply equally to stocks, bonds, commodities, and any other investment or security. Material risks associated with our investment strategies are listed below.

Market Risk: Market risk involves the possibility that an investment's current market value will fall because of a general market decline, reducing the value of the investment regardless of the operational success of the issuer's operations or its financial condition.

Strategy Risk: The Adviser's investment strategies and/or investment techniques may not work as intended.

Interest Rate Risk: Bond (fixed income) prices generally fall when interest rates rise, and the value may fall below par value or the principal investment. The opposite is also generally true: bond prices generally rise

when interest rates fall. In general, fixed income securities with longer maturities are more sensitive to these price changes. Most other investments are also sensitive to the level and direction of interest rates.

Inflation: Inflation may erode the buying power of your investment portfolio, even if the dollar value of your investments remains the same.

Reinvestment Risk: involves the risk that an investor cannot find another bond of similar quality and maturity that pays a similar interest rate and therefore might need to invest in a bond of lower quality, shorter or longer maturity, and/or at a lower rate, which all have likely material impacts on the value of the assets invested in the bond, including reduced income or principal compared to what was expected in previous bond issues depending on a variety of factors such as purchase price, credit risk, call provisions, etc.

Call or Redemption Risk: involves the risk that a callable bond may be redeemed by the issuer prior to its maturity. As most municipal bonds have a call provision that allows the issuer to call or redeem the bond ahead of its maturity, this risk would apply to most municipal bonds we may recommend. If a bond is called before it matures the investor loses out on the income and in an environment of declining interest rates bears the risk that should a bond be called early there may not be bonds available with similar characteristics to reinvest in with the proceeds. The inability to find suitable bonds paying similar interest rates, who have similar characteristics, when a current bond matures or is called, is known as reinvestment risk.

Credit Risk: An issuer or guarantor of a fixed-income security may be unable or unwilling to make timely payments of interest or principal or honor its obligations otherwise. The issuer or guarantor may default, causing a loss of the full principal amount of a security. The degree of risk for a particular security is reflected in its credit rating. There is the possibility that the credit rating of a fixed-income security may be downgraded after purchase, which is likely to adversely affect its value and a client's portfolio holdings.

Liquidity Risk: The inability to readily buy or sell an investment for a price close to the true underlying value of the asset due to a lack of buyers or sellers. While certain types of fixed income are generally liquid (i.e., bonds), there are risks which may occur such as when an issue trading in any given period does not readily support buys and sells at an efficient price. Conversely, when trading volume is high, there is also a risk of not being able to purchase a particular issue at the desired price.

Valuation Risk: The value and price of municipal bonds are correlated with the rise and fall of interest rates. When interest rates rise, bond prices decline. When interest rates decline, bond prices rise. Selling a bond before maturity, especially during a rising interest rate environment, may prevent an investor from receiving the par value of the bond and therefore they may not be able to get their full principal back.

Risks Associated with Securities

Apart from the general risks outlined above which apply to all types of investments, specific securities may have other risks.

Bank Obligations including bonds and certificates of deposit may be vulnerable to setbacks or panics in the banking industry. Banks and other financial institutions are greatly affected by interest rates and may be adversely affected by downturns in the U.S. and foreign economies or changes in banking regulations.

Commercial Paper is, in most cases, an unsecured promissory note that is issued with a maturity of 270 days or less. Being unsecured the risk to the investor is that the issuer may default.

Common stocks may go up and down in price quite dramatically, and in the event of an issuer's bankruptcy or restructuring could lose all value. A slower-growth or recessionary economic environment could have an adverse effect on the price of all stocks.

Corporate Bonds are debt securities to borrow money. Generally, issuers pay investors periodic interest and repay the amount borrowed either periodically during the life of the security and/or at maturity. Alternatively, investors can purchase other debt securities, such as zero coupon bonds, which do not pay current interest, but rather are priced at a discount from their face values and their values accrete over time to face value at maturity. The market prices of debt securities fluctuate depending on factors such as interest rates, credit quality, and maturity. In general, market prices of debt securities decline when interest rates rise and increase when interest rates fall. The longer the time to a bond's maturity, the greater its interest rate risk.

Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) prices may vary significantly from the Net Asset Value due to market conditions. Certain exchange traded funds may not track underlying benchmarks as expected. ETFs are also subject to the following risks: (i) an ETF's shares may trade at a market price that is above (premium) or below (discount) their net asset value and an ETF purchased at a premium may ultimately be sold at a discount; (ii) trading of an ETF's shares may be halted if the listing exchange's officials deem such action appropriate, the shares are delisted from the exchange, or the activation of market-wide "circuit breakers" (which are tied to large decreases in stock prices) halts stock trading generally. The Adviser has no control over the risks taken by the underlying funds in which the Clients invest.

Municipal Bonds are debt obligations generally issued to obtain funds for various public purposes, including the construction of public facilities. Municipal bonds pay a lower rate of return than most other types of bonds. However, because of a municipal bond's tax-favored status, investors should compare the relative after-tax return to the after-tax return of other bonds, depending on the investor's tax bracket. Investing in municipal bonds carries the same general risks as investing in bonds in general. Those risks include interest rate risk, reinvestment risk, inflation risk, market risk, call or redemption risk, credit risk, and liquidity and valuation risk.

Mutual Funds When a Client invests in open-end mutual funds or ETFs, the Client indirectly bears its proportionate share of any fees and expenses payable directly by those funds. Therefore, the Client will incur higher expenses, many of which may be duplicative. In addition, the Client's overall portfolio may be affected by losses of an underlying fund and the level of risk arising from the investment practices of an underlying fund (such as the use of derivatives).

Options and other derivatives carry many unique risks, including time-sensitivity, and can result in the complete loss of principal. While covered call writing does provide a partial hedge to the stock against which the call is written, the hedge is limited to the amount of cash flow received when writing the option. When selling covered calls, there is a risk the underlying position may be called away at a price lower than the current market price.

Item 9: Disciplinary Information

Criminal or Civil Actions

BLP and its management persons have not been involved in any criminal or civil action.

Administrative Enforcement Proceedings

BLP and its management persons have not been involved in any administrative enforcement proceedings.

Self-Regulatory Organization Enforcement Proceedings

BLP and its management persons have not been involved in any self-regulatory organization (SRO) proceedings.

Item 10: Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations

Broker-Dealer Affiliation

Neither BLP or its management persons is registered, or have an application pending to register, as a broker-dealer or a registered representative of a broker-dealer.

Other Affiliations

Neither BLP or its management persons is registered, or have an application pending to register, as a futures commission merchant, commodity pool operator, commodity trading advisor, or an associated person of the foregoing entities.

Related Persons

Neither BLP or its management persons have any relationship or arrangement with any outside financial industry related parties.

Recommendations or Selections of Other Investment Advisers

BLP may recommend Clients to Outside Managers to manage their accounts. In the event that we recommend an Outside Manager, we do not share in their advisory fee. Our fee is separate and in addition to their compensation (as noted in Item 5 of this brochure). In addition, Clients will receive a copy of the Outside Manager's Form ADV 2A, Firm Brochure, which also describes the Outside Manager's fee. You are not obligated, contractually or otherwise, to use the services of any Outside Manager we recommend. Moreover, BLP will only recommend an Outside Manager who is properly licensed or registered as an investment adviser.

Item 11: Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading

As a fiduciary, our firm has a duty of utmost good faith to act solely in the best interests of each Client. Our Clients entrust us with their funds and personal information, which in turn places a high standard on our conduct and integrity. Our fiduciary duty is a core aspect of our Code of Ethics and represents the expected basis of all of our dealings. The firm also adheres to the Code of Ethics and Professional Responsibility adopted by the CFP® Board of Standards Inc., and accepts the obligation not only to comply with the mandates and requirements of all applicable laws and regulations but also to take responsibility to act in an ethical and professionally responsible manner in all professional services and activities.

Code of Ethics Description

This Code of Ethics does not attempt to identify all possible conflicts of interest, and compliance with each of its specific provisions will not shield our firm or its access persons from liability for misconduct that violates a fiduciary duty to our Clients. A summary of the Code of Ethics' Principles is outlined below.

- Integrity Access persons shall offer and provide professional services with integrity.
- Objectivity Access persons shall be objective in providing professional services to Clients.
- Competence Access persons shall provide services to Clients competently and maintain the necessary knowledge and skill to continue to do so in those areas in which they are engaged.
- Fairness Access persons shall perform professional services in a manner that is fair and reasonable to Clients, principals, partners, and employers, and shall disclose conflict(s) of interest in providing such services.
- Confidentiality Access persons shall not disclose confidential Client information without the specific consent of the Client unless in response to proper legal process, or as required by law.
- Professionalism Access persons conduct in all matters shall reflect the credit of the profession.
- Diligence Access persons shall act diligently in providing professional services.

We periodically review and amend our Code of Ethics to ensure that it remains current, and we require all firm access persons to attest to their understanding of and adherence to the Code of Ethics at least annually. Our firm will provide a copy of its Code of Ethics to any Client or prospective Client upon request.

<u>Investment Recommendations Involving a Material Financial Interest and Conflicts of Interest</u>

Neither our firm, its access persons, or any related person is authorized to recommend to a Client or effect a transaction for a Client, involving any security in which our firm or a related person has a material financial interest, such as in the capacity as an underwriter, adviser to the issuer, principal transaction, among others.

Advisory Firm Purchase of Same Securities Recommended to Clients and Conflicts of Interest

Our firm, its access persons, and its related persons may buy or sell securities similar to, or different from, those we recommend to Clients. This creates a conflict of interest in that we or a related person has an incentive to trade securities or recommend trades in securities that may place our interests ahead of the Clients. In an effort to reduce or eliminate certain conflicts of interest, our Code of Ethics may require that we restrict or prohibit access persons' transactions in specific reportable securities. Any exceptions or trading

pre-clearance must be approved by BLP's Chief Compliance Officer in advance of the transaction in an account. BLP maintains a copy of access persons' personal securities transactions as required.

Trading Securities At/Around the Same Time as Client's Securities

From time to time our firm, its access persons, or its related persons may buy or sell securities for themselves at or around the same time as they buy or sell securities for Clients' account(s). This creates a conflict of interest in that we or a related person has an incentive to trade securities or recommend trades in securities that may place our interests ahead of the Clients. To address this conflict, it is our policy that neither our firm or access persons shall have priority over Clients' accounts in the purchase or sale of securities.

Item 12: Brokerage Practices

Factors Used to Select Custodians

BLP does not have any affiliation with any custodian we recommend. Specific custodian recommendations are made to the Client based on their need for such services. We recommend custodians based on the reputation and services provided by the firm.

In recommending custodians, we have an obligation to seek the "best execution" of transactions in Client accounts. The determinative factor in the analysis of best execution is not the lowest possible commission cost, but whether the transaction represents the best qualitative execution, taking into consideration the full range of the custodian's services. The factors we consider when evaluating a custodian for best execution include, without limitation, the custodian's:

- Combination of transaction execution services and asset custody services (generally without a separate fee for custody);
- Capability to execute, clear, and settle trades (buy and sell securities for your account);
- Capability to facilitate transfers and payments to and from accounts (wire transfers, check requests, bill payment, etc.);
- Breadth of available investment products (stocks, bonds, mutual funds, exchange-traded funds (ETFs), etc.);
- Availability of investment research and tools that assist us in making investment decisions;
- Quality of services;
- Competitiveness of the price of those services (commission rates, margin interest rates, other fees, etc.) and willingness to negotiate the prices;
- Reputation, financial strength, security and stability;
- Prior service to us and our clients.

With this in consideration, our firm recommends Charles Schwab & Co., Inc. ("Schwab"), an independent and unaffiliated SEC registered broker-dealer firm and member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIBLP").

Research and Other Soft-Dollar Benefits

BLP does not have any soft-dollar arrangements with custodians whereby soft-dollar credits, used to purchase products and services, are earned directly in proportion to the amount of commissions paid by a Client. However, as a result of being on their institutional platform, Schwab may provide us with certain services and products that may benefit us. All such soft-dollar benefits are consistent with the safe harbor contained in Section 28(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

Schwab

Schwab Advisor Services™ is Schwab's business serving independent investment advisory firms like us. They provide our Clients and us with access to their institutional brokerage services (trading, custody, reporting and related services), many of which are not typically available to Schwab retail customers. Schwab also makes available various support services. Some of those services help us manage or administer our Clients' accounts, while others help us manage and grow our business. Schwab's support services are generally available on an unsolicited basis (we don't have to request them) and at no charge to us. The benefits received by Advisor or its

personnel do not depend on the number of brokerage transactions directed to Schwab. As part of its fiduciary duties to Clients, Advisor at all times must put the interests of its Clients first. Clients should be aware, however, that the receipt of economic benefits by Advisor or its related persons in and of itself creates a potential conflict of interest and may indirectly influence the Advisor's choice of Schwab for custody and brokerage services. This conflict of interest is mitigated as Advisor regularly reviews the factors used to select custodians to ensure our recommendation is appropriate. Following is a more detailed description of Schwab's support services:

- 1. **Services that benefit you.** Schwab's institutional brokerage services include access to a broad range of investment products, execution of securities transactions, and custody of Client assets. The investment products available through Schwab include some to which we might not otherwise have access or that would require a significantly higher minimum initial investment by our Clients. Schwab's services described in this paragraph generally benefit you and your account.
- 2. **Services that may not directly benefit you.** Schwab also makes available to us other products and services that benefit us but may not directly benefit you or your account. These products and services assist us in managing and administering our Clients' accounts. They include investment research, both Schwab's own and that of third parties. We may use this research to service all or a substantial number of our Clients' accounts, including accounts not maintained at Schwab. In addition to investment research, Schwab also makes available software and other technology that:
 - provide access to Client account data (such as duplicate trade confirmations and account statements)
 - facilitate trade execution and allocate aggregated trade orders for multiple Client accounts
 - provide pricing and other market data
 - facilitate payment of our fees from our Clients' accounts
 - assist with back-office functions, recordkeeping, and Client reporting
- 3. **Services that generally benefit only us.** Schwab also offers other services intended to help us manage and further develop our business enterprise. These services include:
 - Educational conferences and events
 - Consulting on technology, compliance, legal, and business needs
 - Publications and conferences on practice management and business succession
- 4. Your brokerage and custody costs. For our Clients' accounts that Schwab maintains, Schwab generally does not charge you separately for custody services but is compensated by charging you commissions or other fees on trades that it executes or that settle into your Schwab account. Certain trades (for example, many mutual funds and ETFs) may not incur Schwab commissions or transaction fees.

Brokerage for Client Referrals

We receive no referrals from a custodian, broker-dealer or third party in exchange for using that custodian, broker-dealer or third party.

Clients Directing Which Broker/Dealer/Custodian to Use

Our firm recommends Clients establish account(s) at Schwab to execute transactions through. We will assist with establishing your account(s) at Schwab, however, we will not have the authority to open accounts on the Client's behalf. Not all investment advisers require their Clients to use their recommended custodian. By recommending that Clients use Schwab, we may be unable to achieve most favorable execution of Client transactions, and this practice may cost Clients more money. We base our recommendations on the factors

disclosed in Item 12 herein and will only recommend custodians if we believe it's in the best interest of the Client.

If Clients do not wish to utilize our recommended custodian, we permit Clients to direct brokerage. We will be added to your account through a limited trading authority. However, due to restraints from not having access to an institutional platform, we are unable to achieve most favorable execution of Client transactions. Clients directing brokerage may cost Clients more money. For example, in a directed brokerage account, the Client may pay higher brokerage commissions because we may not be able to aggregate orders to reduce transaction costs, or the Client may receive a higher transaction price at their selected custodian versus our recommended custodian.

Aggregating (Block) Trading for Multiple Client Accounts

Aggregating orders, batch trading, or block trading is a process where trades for the same securities are purchased or sold for several clients at approximately the same time. We do not engage in block trading. It should be noted that implementing trades on a block or aggregate basis may be less expensive for client accounts; however, it is our trading policy to implement all client orders on an individual basis. Therefore, we do not aggregate or "block" client transactions. Considering the types of investments we hold in advisory client accounts, we do not believe clients are hindered in any way because we trade accounts individually. This is because we develop individualized investment strategies for clients and holdings will vary. Our strategies are primarily developed for the long-term and minor differences in price execution are not material to our overall investment strategy.

Outside Managers used by BLP may block Client trades at their discretion. Their specific practices are further discussed in their ADV Part 2A, Item 12.

Item 13: Review of Accounts

Periodic Reviews

Tim Witham, Founder and CCO of BLP, will work with Clients to obtain current information regarding their assets and investment holdings and will review this information as part of our financial planning services. BLP does not provide specific reports to Clients, other than financial plans. Clients who engage us for investment management services will have their account(s) reviewed regularly on a quarterly basis by Tim Witham, Founder and CCO. The account(s) are reviewed with regards to the Client's investment objectives and risk tolerance levels.

Triggers of Reviews

Events that may trigger a special review would be unusual performance, addition or deletions of Clientimposed restrictions, excessive draw-down, volatility in performance, or buy and sell decisions from the firm or per Client's needs.

Review Reports

Clients will receive trade confirmations from the custodian(s) for each transaction in their accounts as well as monthly or quarterly statements and annual tax reporting statements from their custodian showing all activity in the accounts, such as receipt of dividends and interest.

BLP does not provide written performance or holdings reports to Investment Management Clients outside of what is provided directly by their custodian.

Item 14: Client Referrals and Other Compensation

Compensation Received by Balanced Life Planning LLC

BLP is a fee-only firm that is compensated solely by its Clients. BLP does not receive commissions or other sales-related compensation. Except as mentioned in Item 12 above, we do not receive any economic benefit, directly or indirectly, from any third party for advice rendered to our Clients.

Client Referrals from Solicitors

BLP does not, directly or indirectly, compensate any person who is not advisory personnel for Client referrals.

Item 15: Custody

BLP does not have custody of client funds due to the deduction of advisory fees when adhering to the safeguards outlined below:

- BLP will send an itemized invoice to the Client at the same time it instructs the custodian to debit the
 advisory fee. Itemization includes the formula used to calculate the fee, the amount of assets under
 management that the fee is based on, and the time period covered by the fee.
- The custodian will send at least quarterly statements to the Client showing all disbursements for the
 account, including the amount of the advisory fee.
- The Client will provide written authorization to BLP, permitting them to be paid directly for their accounts held by the custodian.

Clients should receive at least quarterly statements from the broker-dealer, bank or other qualified custodian that holds and maintains Client's investment assets. We urge you to carefully review such statements and compare such official custodial records to the billing invoices that we provide to you. Our billing invoices may vary from custodial statements based on accounting procedures, reporting dates, or valuation methodologies of certain securities.

In certain cases BLP will have custody of Client assets or securities that are held at a qualified custodian (see Item 12) as the result of our business practices. Because of this, we are required to have certain safeguards in place to ensure the protection of Client assets and securities. Clients will receive at least quarterly statements from the broker-dealer, bank or other qualified custodian that holds and maintains Client's investment assets. You should carefully review all statements and records provided by the custodian and notify us of any questions or discrepancies.

BLP can establish a Standing Letter of Authorization or other similar asset transfer authorization arrangements ("SLOA") with qualified custodians in order for us to disburse funds to accounts as specifically designated by the Client. With a SLOA a Client can typically authorize first-party and/or third-party transfers. If transfers are third-party, BLP complies with each of the requirements and conditions enumerated below:

- 1. The Client provides an instruction to the qualified custodian, in writing, that includes the Client's signature, the third party's name, and either the third party's address or the third party's account number at a custodian to which the transfer should be directed.
- 2. The Client authorizes BLP, in writing, either on the qualified custodian's form or separately, to direct transfers to the third party either on a specified schedule or from time to time.
- 3. The Client's qualified custodian performs appropriate verification of the instruction, such as a signature review or other method to verify the Client's authorization, and provides a transfer of funds notice to the Client promptly after each transfer.
- 4. The Client has the ability to terminate or change the instruction to the Client's qualified custodian.
- 5. BLP has no authority or ability to designate or change the identity of the third party, the address, or any other information about the third party contained in the Client's instruction.
- 6. BLP maintains records showing that the third party is not a related party of BLP or located at the same address as BLP.
- 7. The Client's qualified custodian sends the Client, in writing, an initial notice confirming the instruction and an annual notice reconfirming the instruction.

Item 16: Investment Discretion

For those Client accounts where we provide Investment Management Services, BLP has discretionary authority and limited power of attorney to determine the securities and the amount of securities to be bought or sold for a Client's account without having to obtain prior Client approval for each transaction. Investment discretion is explained to Clients in detail when an advisory relationship has commenced. At the start of the advisory relationship, the Client will execute a Limited Power of Attorney, which will grant our firm discretion over the account(s). Additionally, the discretionary relationship will be outlined in the Advisory Contract and signed by the Client. Clients may limit our discretion by requesting certain restrictions on investments. However, approval of such requests are at the firm's sole discretion.

If BLP has engaged an Outside Manager to assist with the management of Client's portfolio, BLP has the discretion to direct the Outside Manager to buy or sell securities for Client's portfolio without obtaining prior Client approval for each transaction.

Item 17: Voting Client Securities

We do not vote Client proxies. Therefore, Clients maintain exclusive responsibility for: (1) voting proxies, and (2) acting on corporate actions pertaining to the Client's investment assets. The Client shall instruct the Client's qualified custodian to forward to the Client copies of all proxies and shareholder communications relating to the Client's investment assets. If the Client has any questions on a particular proxy vote, they may contact us at the number listed on the cover of this brochure.

In most cases, you will receive proxy materials directly from the account custodian. However, in the event we were to receive any written or electronic proxy materials, we would forward them directly to you by mail, unless you have authorized our firm to contact you by electronic mail, in which case, we would forward you any electronic solicitation to vote proxies.

Item 18: Financial Information

We have no financial commitment that impairs our ability to meet contractual and fiduciary commitments to our Clients, nor have we been the subject of any bankruptcy proceeding. We do not have custody of Client funds or securities, except as disclosed in Item 15 above, or require or solicit prepayment of more than \$500 in fees six months or more in advance.

Item 19: Requirements for State-Registered Advisers

Principal Officers

Tim Witham serves as BLP's sole principal and CCO. Information about Tim Witham's education, business background, and outside business activities can be found in his ADV Part 2B, Brochure Supplement attached to this Brochure.

Outside Business

All outside business information, if applicable, of BLP is disclosed in Item 10 of this Brochure.

Performance-Based Fees

Neither BLP or Tim Witham is compensated by performance-based fees.

Material Disciplinary Disclosures

No management person at BLP has ever been involved in an arbitration claim of any kind or been found liable in a civil, self-regulatory organization, or administrative proceeding.

Material Relationships That Management Persons Have With Issuers of Securities

BLP nor Tim Witham have any relationship or arrangement with issuers of securities.



2741 White Pine Dr. Villa Hills, KY 41017 859-287-4292

bl-planning.com

Form ADV Part 2B - Brochure Supplement

Dated: February 14, 2025

For

Tim Witham

Founder and Chief Compliance Officer

This brochure supplement provides information about Tim Witham that supplements the Balanced Life Planning LLC ("BLP") brochure. You should have received a copy of that brochure. Please contact Tim Witham if you did not receive BLP's brochure or if you have any questions about the contents of this supplement.

Additional information about Tim Witham is available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov which can be found using the identification number 5896121.

Item 2: Educational Background and Business Experience

Tim Witham

Born: 1984

Educational Background

2006 – BSBA in Marketing and Entrepreneurship, Xavier University

Business Experience

- 04/2024 Present, Balanced Life Planning LLC, Founder and CCO
- 09/2020 04/2024, Cassady Schiller Wealth Management, Sr. Wealth Advisor
- 08/2018 09/2020, Fidelity Personal and Workplace Advisors, Sr. Portfolio Specialist
- 07/2014 08/2018, Fidelity Personal and Workplace Advisors, Portfolio Specialist
- 11/2013 07/2014, Fidelity Personal and Workplace Advisors, Client Management Rep
- 05/2012 11/2013, Fidelity Investments, Fixed Income Specialist
- 02/2011 05/2012, Fidelity Investments, Service Representative

Professional Designation(s)

CFP® (Certified Financial Planner):

Tim Witham is certified for financial planning services in the United States by Certified Financial Planner Board of Standards, Inc. ("CFP Board"). Therefore, Tim Witham may refer to themself as a CERTIFIED FINANCIAL PLANNER™ professional or a CFP® professional, and Tim Witham may use these and CFP Board's other certification marks (the "CFP Board Certification Marks"). The CFP® certification is voluntary. No federal or state law or regulation requires financial planners to hold the CFP® certification. You may find more information about the CFP® certification at www.cfp.net.

CFP® professionals have met CFP Board's high standards for education, examination, experience, and ethics. To become a CFP® professional, an individual must fulfill the following requirements:

- Education Earn a bachelor's degree or higher from an accredited college or university and complete CFP Board-approved coursework at a college or university through a CFP Board Registered Program. The coursework covers the financial planning subject areas CFP Board has determined are necessary for the competent and professional delivery of financial planning services, as well as a comprehensive financial plan development capstone course. A candidate may satisfy some of the coursework requirements through other qualifying credentials.
- Examination Pass the comprehensive CFP® Certification Examination. The examination is designed to assess an individual's ability to integrate and apply a broad base of financial planning knowledge in the context of real-life financial planning situations.
- Experience Complete 6,000 hours of professional experience related to the personal financial planning process, or 4,000 hours of apprenticeship experience that meets additional requirements.
- Ethics Satisfy the Fitness Standards for Candidates for CFP® Certification and Former CFP®
 Professionals Seeking Reinstatement and agree to be bound by CFP Board's Code of Ethics and
 Standards of Conduct ("Code and Standards"), which sets forth the ethical and practice standards for
 CFP® professionals.

Individuals who become certified must complete the following ongoing education and ethics requirements to remain certified and maintain the right to continue to use the CFP Board Certification Marks:

- Ethics Commit to complying with CFP Board's Code and Standards. This includes a commitment to CFP Board, as part of the certification, to act as a fiduciary, and therefore, act in the best interests of the client, at all times when providing financial advice and financial planning. CFP Board may sanction a CFP® professional who does not abide by this commitment, but CFP Board does not guarantee a CFP® professional's services. A client who seeks a similar commitment should obtain a written engagement that includes a fiduciary obligation to the client.
- Continuing Education Complete 30 hours of continuing education every two years to maintain competence, demonstrate specified levels of knowledge, skills, and abilities, and keep up with developments in financial planning. Two of the hours must address the Code and Standards.

Item 3: Disciplinary Information

Tim Witham has never been involved in an arbitration claim of any kind or been found liable in a civil, self-regulatory organization, or administrative proceeding.

Item 4: Other Business Activities

Tim Witham is not involved in any outside business activities.

Item 5: Additional Compensation

Tim Witham does not receive any economic benefit from any person, company, or organization, in exchange for providing Clients advisory services through BLP.

Item 6: Supervision

Tim Witham as Chief Compliance Officer of BLP, supervises the advisory activities of our firm. Tim Witham is bound by and will adhere to the firm's Code of Ethics. Clients may contact Tim Witham at the phone number on this brochure supplement. Tim Witham is BLP's sole Investment Adviser Representative and is not supervised by another person.

Item 7: Requirements for State Registered Advisers

Tim Witham has NOT been involved in an arbitration, civil proceeding, self-regulatory proceeding, administrative proceeding, or a bankruptcy petition.